# Upper Deerfield Redevelopment Area DESIGN GUIDELINES

# UPPER DEERFIELD REDEVELOPMENT AREA DESIGN GUIDELINES

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### SECTION 1 - INTRODUCTION

### 1. What are the Upper Deerfield Town Center design guidelines?

Until recently, the Upper Deerfield community has been largely rural and agricultural. Increased urbanization within Cumberland County and adjacent areas have created substantial development pressures on many of the region's rural lands. In 2001, the Township of Upper Deerfield designated a 1060-acre, relatively vacant tract of agricultural farmland along State Highway 77 as a Redevelopment Area.

The Township is currently in the process of adopting a Redevelopment Plan which addresses long term development in this 1060-acre Redevelopment Area based upon smart growth principles. In conjunction with the Redevelopment Plan, the Township proposes to enact an Upper Deerfield Redevelopment Area Design Guidelines/ Overlay Ordinance that will guide all development activity within the Redevelopment Area. The purpose and intent of the guidelines are to establish a set of design regulations and a design review process that will provide a necessary framework for new development and redevelopment of properties and buildings within the Redevelopment Area. The design standards are intended to enahance the quality of life within the Redevelopment Area by ensuring the occurrence of good quality and aesthetically pleasing development. The Design Guidelines are meant to guide the Planning Board and property owners in fulfilling this objective. The Upper Deerfield Redevelopment Area Design Guidelines are further intended to designate the design review area (Redevelopment Area), delegate and assign certain authority, and establish oversight, review and enforcement procedures. Figure1 illustrates an aerial image of the Upper Deerfield Redevelopment Area.

A series of objectives and specific requirements have been compiled within this document. The Design Guidelines have been prepared to recognize the rural character of the Upper Deerfield community allowing sensitive development while taking into consideration its gradual transition to a regional commerce center. In general, these standards apply to all streets, open spaces, buildings and structures within the Upper Deerfield Redevelopment Area.

Figure1: Upper Deerfield Redevelopment Area



### 2. What is the purpose of these design guidelines?

The Upper Deerfield Redevelopment Area design guidelines will serve as a guide for all development activity within the Redevelopment Area. The purpose of these design guidelines is to improve the visual and overall quality of life within the Redevelopment Area. Fundamentally, the design guidelines consist of two parts: Public Space Design Guidelines; and Private Property Design Guidelines. The Public Space Design Guidelines outline activities for the development or improvement of streetscapes, public spaces and infrastructure. The Private Property Design Guidelines, comprised of Site Development Design Guidelines, Building Design Guidelines, and Sign Design Guidelines are prescribed development and improvement activities that private property owners may employ. In combination, these guidelines will develop a sense of place and identity that will accomplish the following:

- Increase visual quality and safety perception within the Redevelopment Area;
- Stimulate investment and development activities; and
- Achieve greater recognition of the Redevelopment Area as a viable regional center.

### 3. How are the design guidelines to be used?

Both the Public Space Design Guidelines and the Private Property Design Guidelines are intended for use primarily by Township staff, their consultants and private property owners to facilitate the development and creation of an attractive Redevelopment Area.

The Upper Deerfield Township Planning Board shall oversee the compliance of these Design Guidelines. Property owners and developers will be required to comply with these guidelines whose intention is to create a cohesive visual design theme for the Redevelopment Area and especially the proposed Town Center, which, inevitably, will benefit both the community and individual property owners.



Nonresidential Town Center



Pedestrian priority streets



Open spaces and amenities



Gateways and icons for a "sense of place"

### SECTION 2 - PUBLIC SPACE DESIGN GUIDELINES

PUBLIC SPACE Primary Road (77 - Collector)	Secondary Road (Sub-collector)	Main Street	Open Space
General Standards (New Jersey Departm	surface specifications, curbs ar tent of Transportation) standar	rds	
Retrofitting and repaidesign     Angled on-street parl	e is to create a pedestrian frien- r of all roads should be proper ting is encouraged along the M	rly executed and matched wi	th the existing materials and
	ng treatment nimized and adequate grading	shall ensure proper stormwa	iter runoff
Drought tolerant, native or naturalized (thrive in the Southern New Jersey climate and environment) landscape materials should be used. See Appendix A.      In order to create a rural ambience, native trees such as Sweet Gum should be plante along sidewalks at a spacing of approximately one hundred feet (100') on center      Accent trees such as Flowering Dogwood should be planted in clusters in gathering areas for interest      Shrubs such as Shadbush should be	New Jersey climate and environment) landscape materials should be used. See Appendix A.  In order to create a rural ambience, native trees such as Sweet	Drought tolerant, native or naturalized (thrive in the Southern New Jersey climate and environment) landscape materials should be used. See Appendix A.     In order to create a rural ambience, native trees such as Sweet Gum should be planted along sidewalks at a spacing of approximately sixty feet (60°) on center     Accent trees such as Flowering Dogwood should be planted in clusters in gathering areas for interest     Shrubs such as Shadbush should be planted to screen	Drought tolerant, native or naturalized (thrive in the Southern New Jersey climate and environment) landscape materials should be used. See Appendix A.     In order to create a rural ambience, native trees such as Sweet Gum should be planted along walkways and near seating areas     Accent trees such as Flowering Dogwood should be planted in clusters in gathering areas for interest     Shrubs such as Shadbush should be planted to screen unsightly views such as parking and utilities     Groundcovers such as

parking and utilities

Groundcovers such as

planted in landscape

strips to reduce

Big Bluestem should be

maintenance operations

Any materials that die,

dead from any cause,

or are substantially

unsightly views such as

Big Bluestem should be

maintenance operations

• Any materials that die,

dead from any cause,

immediately to original

or are substantially

should be replaced

specifications.

planted in landscape

strips to reduce

parking and utilities

• Groundcovers such as

planted in landscape

strips to reduce

are substantially dead

from any cause, should

Big Bluestem should be

maintenance operations

Any materials that die, or

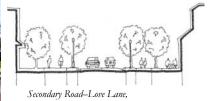
unsightly views such as





Angled on-street parking-Main





planted to screen

unsightly views such as

parking and utilities

Groundcovers such as

planted in landscape

strips to reduce

Big Bluestem should be

maintenance operations

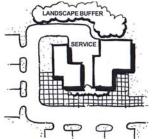
• Any materials that die,

or are substantially

PUBLIC SPACE	Primary Road (77 - Collector)	Secondary Road (Sub-collector)	Main Street	Open Space		
	dead from any cause, should be replaced immediately to original specifications.	be replaced immediately to original specifications.	should be replaced immediately to original specifications.			
3 Buffers	<ul> <li>All buffers shall consist</li> <li>Every effort shall be ma</li> <li>A buffer shall have a mi</li> <li>In areas of the buffer the plantings to establish a mand eight (8) understory height of three (3) feet.</li> <li>Canopy and understory</li> </ul>	of thickly planted native shr ade to preserve existing prefer inimum average width of this nat are not densely vegetated, minimum planting scheme of trees per one hundred linear trees shall be clustered to ac menities such as walking, bic	tubs and trees listed in Apperent of the habitat within the bufferty feet (30') and a minimum, the buffer shall be supplem of ten (10) canopies per one halfeet (100') and a continuous cent entrances or other designation.	er area.  width of twenty feet (20°). ented with additional nundred lineal feet (100°), s hedge with a minimum gn features of the site		
4 Lighting	Lighting standards of al Metal halide phosphor of are preferred Lighting fixtures that re Roadway lighting fixture (3') away from the curb The pole and fixture ho equivalent Fixtures at important in	<ul> <li>Lighting standards of all rights-of-way should meet the NJDOTs photometric requirements.</li> <li>Metal halide phosphor coated lamp sources mounted on eighteen-foot (18') decorative cast concrete poles are preferred</li> <li>Lighting fixtures that reduce spill lighting are preferred</li> <li>Roadway lighting fixtures should be installed at approximately one hundred feet (100') on center, three feet (3') away from the curb</li> <li>The pole and fixture housing should be painted with a Kale Green or Lampblack (Sherwin-Williams) or equivalent</li> <li>Fixtures at important intersections could have banner arms identifying the "Town Center"</li> </ul>				
5 Sidewalks	Primarily gray concrete with a broom finish and tooled score joints Sidewalks should be built on at least one side of the street and have a minimum width of six feet (6')	Primarily gray with a broom finish and tooled score joints Sidewalks should be built on both sides of the street and should have a minimum width of six feet (6')	Primarily gray with a broom finish and tooled score joints or brick Decorative brick or stamped concrete paving should be used to accentuate design Sidewalks should be built on both sides of the street and should have a minimum width of ten feet (10°)	Primarily gray with a broom finish and tooled score joints Decorative brick or stamped concrete paving should be used to accentuate design Walkways should have a minimum width of eight feet (8')		
6 Crosswalks 7 Street furnishings	<ul> <li>Brick or pastel terracotta colored concrete paving at sidewalk intersection, with handicap ramps at curbs</li> <li>A twelve-inch (12") wide concrete band should border crosswalks edges</li> <li>Streetscape amenities such as benches, trash receptacles should be installed wherever pedestrians are likely to gather.</li> <li>Telephones, if required, should be located in high visible areas, easily accessible and observable from the</li> </ul>					



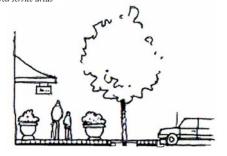
Pedestrian sidewalks and crosswalks





Textured crosswalk

Screened/buffered service areas



Street amenities

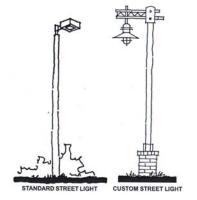
PUBLIC SPACE	Primary Road (77 -	Secondary Road	Main Street	Open Space			
	Collector)	(Sub-collector)					
	street						
	<ul> <li>All the amenities in the package including lighting should have a similar theme and appear to be part of the same family</li> </ul>						
	A contemporary, style detailing, with a metal look is preferred for the streetscape amenities in the						
	Redevelopment Area						
	Kale Green or Lampblack (Sherwin-Williams) or equivalent is the preferred primary color for streetscape						
	amenities						
	•	The finishes of these products should be durable and relatively easy to maintain					
8 Retention Areas	Retention areas shall be designed as amenities within the Redevelopment Area and comply with New Jersey stormwater regulations						
Retention Areas							
	Geometric forms such as rectangles and triangles shall not be utilized      Retention pages shall be accounted with natural form edges and native landscaping.						
		Retention areas shall be accented with natural form edges and native landscaping					
	<ul> <li>Fountains shall be utilized where possible</li> <li>All basins shall be fully landscaped surrounding the entire area, as an amenity, with an appropriate mix of</li> </ul>						
		ornamental and riparian vegetation					
	<ul> <li>Retention areas shall be designed to be aesthetically pleasing and pedestrian accessible</li> <li>They shall link to the sidewalk system and provide seating wherever possible</li> </ul>						
	Stormwater retention may be located in native vegetation areas, however such should not exceed 25% of						
	the total vegetation area						
•		ouraged to minimize land con					
9 Utilities		Utilities and infrastructure upgrades are required to support the physical streetscape improvements					
Othities		Overhead utilities should be relocated underground or behind properties					
	When undergrounding is not possible, the utilities should be consolidated to create less visual impact						
	• In the case of a utilities retrofit, the height of the utility poles may be increased to fifty feet (50') and wires mounted vertically with luminaries at a pedestrian height of twelve feet (12') to lessen the visual impact at						
	street level and subsequently reducing conflict with tree plantings						
	Transformers should be suspended on utility poles where possible						
	No above-ground utili	ty boxes should be located al	ong any rights-of-way				
10	Bus shelters, signage as	nd benches should be consis	tent with NJ Transit's de	esign criteria for design and			
Public Transit	placement						
Facilities		eme with Kale Green or Lan	npblack (Sherwin-Willian	ns) or equivalent being the			
	primary color is prefer						
	In principle, the location with other pedestrian a		e determined by maximu	um utility and least interference			
11			n near important nodes	to create a visual transition into			
Gateway	the Redevelopment Ar						
		, vertical elements, treated wi	th special colors, texture	es, lighting and integrated with			
	<ul> <li>Indscape</li> <li>The gateway design should reflect the Southern Jersey rural character of the Upper Deerfield community</li> </ul>						
	<ul> <li>The gateway design sh</li> </ul>	ould reflect the Southern Jer	sey rural character of the	Upper Deerfield community			





Traffic lights

Themed street lighting



Street light options



Retention areas as amenities